#### **AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT**

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory.

Local Government Type	Local Gov	vernment Name		County		
[ ] City [ ] Township [ ] Village [ x ] O	x ] Other City of Grand Ledge Downtown Development Authority			Eaton		
Audit Date	Opinion Date		Date Accountant Report S	ubmitted to State:		
6/30/05	8/24/0	5	12/8/05			

We have audited the financial statements of this local unit of government and rendered an opinion on financial statements prepared in accordance with the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the *Uniform Reporting Format for Financial Statements for Counties and Local Units of Government in Michigan* by the Michigan Department of Treasury.

#### We affirm that:

- 1. We have complied with the Bulletin for the Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan as revised.
- 2. We are certified public accountants registered to practice in Michigan.

We further affirm the following. "Yes" responses have been disclosed in the financial statements, including the notes, or in the report of comments and recommendations

You must check the applicable box for each item below.

[	]	Yes	[x]	No	1.	Certain component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are excluded from the financial statements.
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	2.	There are accumulated deficits in one or more of this unit's unreserved fund balances/retained earnings (P.A. 275 of 1980).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	3.	There are instances of non-compliance with the Uniform Accounting and Budgeting Act (P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	4.	The local unit has violated the conditions of either an order issued under the Municipal Finance Act or its requirements, or an order issued under the Emergency Municipal Loan Act.
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	5.	The local unit holds deposits/investments which do not comply with statutory requirements. (P.A. 20 of 1943, as amended [MCL 129.91], or P.A. 55 of 1982, as amended [MCL 38.1132]).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	6.	The local unit has been delinquent in distributing tax revenues that were collected for another taxing unit.
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	7.	The local unit has violated the Constitutional requirement (Article 9, Section 24) to fund current year earned pension benefits (normal costs) in the current year. If the plan is more than 100% funded and the overfunding credits are more than the normal cost requirement, no contributions are due (paid during the year).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	8.	The local unit uses credit cards and has not adopted an applicable policy as required by P.A. 266 of 1995 (MCL 129.241).
[	]	Yes	[x]	No	9.	The local unit has not adopted an investment policy as required by P.A. 196 of 1997 (MCL 129.95).

We have enclosed the following:	Enclosed	To Be Forwarded	Not Required
The letter of comments and recommendations.			X
Reports on individual federal financial assistance programs (program audits).			X
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).			Х

Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name)			
REHMANN ROBSON GERALD J. DESLOOVER, CPA			
Street Address	City	State	Zip
5800 GRATIOT, PO BOX 2025	SAGINAW	MI	48605
Accountant Signature			
Kehmann Johann			

#### City of Grand Ledge Downtown Development Authority Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2005

<u>ASSETS</u>	pecial evenue	1994 ot Service	Parki	LTGO ng Lot Service	Capital rojects	(	king Lot Capital Project	 Totals vernmental Funds	Adjustments	Statement of Net Assets
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated, net	\$ 100,779 5,881 -	\$ 7,114 - - -	\$	410	\$ 98,117 - - -	\$	56,051 - - -	\$ 262,471 5,881 -	\$ - 48,892 1,119,898	\$ 262,471 5,881 48,892 1,119,898
Total assets	\$ 106,660	\$ 7,114	\$	410	\$ 98,117	\$	56,051	\$ 268,352	1,168,790	1,437,142
Liabilities  Accounts payable Accrued interest payable Due to other governments Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due in more than one year  Total liabilities  Fund balances	\$ 43 - 35,650 - - - 35,693	\$ - - - -	\$	250	\$ 6,391	\$	5,187	\$ 11,871 35,650 - - 47,521	31,060 - 324,750 3,732,850 4,088,660	11,871 31,060 35,650 324,750 3,732,850 4,136,181
Designated for subsequent year expenditures Unreserved, undesignated	8,067 62,900	- 7,114		- 160	91,726		48,200 2,664	56,267 164,564	(56,267) (164,564)	-
Total fund balances  Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 70,967 106,660	\$ 7,114 7,114	\$	160 410	\$ 91,726 98,117	\$	50,864 56,051	\$ 220,831 268,352	(220,831)	
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted (deficit)  Total net assets (deficit)									93,790 7,274 142,590 (2,942,693) \$ (2,699,039)	93,790 7,274 142,590 (2,942,693) \$ (2,699,039)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# CITY OF GRAND LEDGE DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Grand Ledge, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2005



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Basic Financial Statements for the Year Ended June 30, 2005	
Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	2
Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	3
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund	4
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	5-11

\* \* \* \* \* \*



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

August 24, 2005

Board of Directors City of Grand Ledge Downtown Development Authority Grand Ledge, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the CITY OF GRAND LEDGE DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY, a component unit of the City of Grand Ledge, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the *City of Grand Ledge Downtown Development Authority* at June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the Special Revenue Fund, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Authority has not presented Management's Discussion and Analysis as required supplementary information. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that such information is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.



# City of Grand Ledge Downtown Development Authority Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Special	1994	2001 LTGO Parking Lot	Capital	Parking Lot Capital	Totals Governmental		Statement of
	Revenue	Debt Service	<b>Debt Service</b>	Projects	Project	Funds	Adjustments	Activities
Revenue								
Taxes	\$ 784,670	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 784,670	\$ -	\$ 784,670
Interest	3,679	2,234	409	1,873	1,374	9,569	-	9,569
Other	1,155			9,721		10,876		10,876
Total revenue	789,504	2,234	409	11,594	1,374	805,115		805,115
Expenditures / expenses								
Economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	292,781	292,781
Capital outlay	-	-	-	145,372	68,881	214,253	(214,253)	-
Debt service:								
Principal	-	268,850	45,000	-	-	313,850	(313,850)	-
Interest and fiscal charges		149,400	50,868			200,268	(2,226)	198,042
Total expenditures / expenses		418,250	95,868	145,372	68,881	728,371	(237,548)	490,823
Revenue over (under) expenditures	789,504	(416,016)	(95,459)	(133,778)	(67,507)	76,744	237,548	314,292
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	-	418,354	95,619	226,464	-	740,437	(740,437)	-
Transfers out	(740,437)	-	-	-	-	(740,437)	740,437	-
Transfers to primary government				(97,626)		(97,626)	97,626	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(740,437)	418,354	95,619	128,838		(97,626)	97,626	
Net changes in fund balances / net assets	49,067	2,338	160	(4,940)	(67,507)	(20,882)	335,174	314,292
Fund balances/net assets (deficit)								
Beginning of year	21,900	4,776		96,666	118,371	241,713	(3,255,044)	(3,013,331)
End of year	\$ 70,967	\$ 7,114	\$ 160	\$ 91,726	\$ 50,864	\$ 220,831	\$ (2,919,870)	\$ (2,699,039)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# City of Grand Ledge Downtown Development Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

				Actual
	Original	Amended		Over (Under)
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Revenue				
Taxes	\$ 705,606	\$ 705,606	\$ 784,670	\$ 79,064
Interest	3,000	3,000	3,679	679
Other			1,155	1,155
Total revenue	708,606	708,606	789,504	80,898
Other financing use:				
Transfers out	740,437	740,437	740,437	
Revenue over other uses	(31,831)	(31,831)	49,067	80,898
Fund balances, beginning of year	31,831	31,831	21,900	(9,931)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,967	\$ 70,967

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Grand Ledge Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority" or "DDA") was established pursuant to Public Act 197 of 1975, as amended. The Authority's purpose is to revitalize and plan for the controlled development of the Grand Ledge downtown business district.

**Reporting Entity** – These financial statements present the financial position and the results of operations of the Authority. The DDA is a discretely presented component unit of the City of Grand Ledge, Michigan (the "City" or "primary government") and its financial statements are an integral part of that reporting entity because the City has the ability to significantly influence its operations and has accountability for fiscal matters. The Authority operates under the supervision of a Citizen's Advisory Committee appointed by the City Council.

Authority-wide and Fund Financial Statements – As permitted by GASB Statement No. 34, the Authority uses an alternative approach reserved for single program governments to present combined authority-wide and fund financial statements by using a columnar format that reconciles individual line items of fund financial data to authority-wide data in a separate column. Accordingly, this is presented in the Statement of Net Assets and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the aforementioned financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation – The authority-wide financial information is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial information is reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Fund
Debt Service Funds:
1994 Debt Service
2001 LTGO Parking Lot
Capital Projects Funds:
Capital Projects
Parking Lot Capital Project

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The *special revenue fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for the Authority's operations (excluding debt service).

Debt service funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, interest and principal on bonded debt.

Capital projects funds account for the use of resources, primarily bond proceeds, in constructing or acquiring capital assets, including buildings and land improvements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity, if any, has been eliminated from the authority-wide financial statements.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, if any, are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, curbs, sidewalks, storm sewers and similar items), along with water and wastewater subsystems, constructed by the Authority, if any, are not recorded as the Authority's capital assets, even though the Authority may be obligated to repay the debt issued to finance the related projects. Such capital assets become the property of the City when they are placed into service and, accordingly, are reported in the City's capital assets.

The Authority's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	25

**Long-term Obligations** – In the authority-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond discounts, premiums, issuance costs and refunding losses are deferred and amortized over the life of the applicable bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond discount, premium and deferred loss. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond discounts, premiums and issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Discounts or premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses or sources, respectively. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

**Fund Equity** – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose.

**Budgetary Information** – The special revenue fund is under formal budgetary control and its budget is prepared on the same modified accrual basis used to reflect actual results. The Authority follows the City budget process in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to the first regular Council meeting in April, the Authority submits to City Council a proposed budget for the fiscal year beginning the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means for financing them.
- A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Not later than the first Council meeting in June, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- The budget is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or amended by the City Council during the year. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Authority to deposit in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations, and to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain commercial paper, repurchase agreements, bankers acceptances, and mutual funds composed of otherwise legal investments.

The City maintains common checking accounts for substantially all funds, including the Authority's. Each fund's share of the aggregate cash balance is reported separately. Surplus funds are invested throughout the year. The City allocates interest earnings to the funds in proportion to the average cash balance of each fund.

At year-end, the carrying amount and the bank balance of the Authority's deposits were \$262,471. Cash categorizations are included in the City's financial statements to give an indication of the aggregate level of risk at year-end. It is not feasible to allocate the level of risk to the Authority.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

## 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance	-	Increases	<u></u>	<u>Decreases</u>	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$ 48,892	\$	<del>_</del>	\$	<del>_</del>	\$ 48,892
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements	1,175,721		68,882		-	1,244,603
Accumulated depreciation	 (74,921)		(49,784)		<u>-</u>	 (124,705)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	 1,100,800		19,098		<u>-</u>	 1,119,898
Total capital assets, net	\$ 1,149,692	\$	19,098	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 1,168,790

## 4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2005 was as follows:

	Interest	Principal
	Rates	Outstanding
Bonds:		
1998 development refunding	3.9-4.850%	\$ 2,795,000
2001 development	4.0-4.875%	1,075,000
		3,870,000
Notes:		
1998 purchase contract (Larson)	5.0%	66,100
1998 purchase contract (Kingroy)	5.0%	121,500
		187,600
		\$ 4,057,600

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2005:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds payable Notes payable	\$ 4,165,000 206,450	\$ - -	\$ (295,000) (18,850)	\$ 3,870,000 187,600	\$ 305,000 19,750
	\$ 4,371,450	\$ -	\$ (313,850)	\$ 4,057,600	\$ 324,750

The annual requirements to pay principal and interest are as follows:

Year Ended	Bonds		Notes	
<b>June 30</b> ,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2006 2007	\$ 305,000 320,000	\$ 176,974 163,994	\$ 19,750 20,700	\$ 9,382 8,390
2008 2009	335,000 350,000	150,249 135,646	21,750 22,700	7,358 6,270
2010 2011-15	350,000 1,710,000	120,034 361,288	23,800 78,900	5,134 8,024
2016-20	405,000	84,170	-	-
2021	95,000 \$ <b>3,870,000</b>	\$ 1,196,986	\$ 187,600	\$ 44,558

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 5. ADJUSTMENTS

Following is an explanation of the adjustments between the governmental funds balance sheet and the component-wide statement of net assets, which reconciles fund balances to net assets:

Fund balances	\$ 220,831
Adjustments:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Add – Capital assets	1,293,495
Deduct – accumulated depreciation	(124,705)
Contain 1 of 1 of the contains the demonstration of the contains of the contai	

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds

De	duct – long-term liabilities	(4,057,600)
De	duct – accrued interest on long-term liabilities	(31,060)

Net assets (deficit) \$\( (2,699,039) \)

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Following is an explanation of the adjustments between the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and the authority-wide statement of activities, which reconciles the net change in fund balances to the change in net assets:

#### Net change in fund balances

\$ (20,882)

#### **Adjustments:**

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense

Add – capital outlay	68,882
Deduct – depreciation expense	(49,784)

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued, but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets

Add – principal payments on long-term liabilities 313,850

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.

Add – decrease in accrued interest payable on bonds 2,226

Change in net assets \$ 314,292

\* \* \* \* \* \*